even admitting that all Mr. Roosevelt says in his statement issued this afternoon is true, i.: "Where did you get it, Mr. Cortelyon?"

PRESIDENT DENIES IN EMPHATIC TERMS

Characterizes Statement of Harriman as a Deliberate and Wilful Untruth.

WASHINGTON, April 2 .- President WASHINGTON, April 2.—President Roosevelt to-day emphatically denied the statement contained in a letter published this morning purporting to have been written by E. H. Harrinan to Sidney Webster, of New York, in the latter part of December, 1905. In Mr. Harriman's letter the statement is made that at the request of President Roosevelt, he (Harriman) assisted in raising a fund of \$250,000 to be used in carrying New York for the Republican party at the election of used in carrying New York for the Republican party at the election of 1904. This statement the President characterizes as "a deliberate and wil-ful untruth—by right it should be characterized by an eyen shorter and more ugly_word. I never requested

Mr. Harriman to raise a dollar for the presidential empalgu of 1904."

The -resident's denial was contained in a brief statement, and copies of letters written to Representative Sherman, of New York. The letters are cated October 8th and October 12, 1906,

ing statement:

"After writing these letters to Congressman Sherman, the President was assured that Mr. Harriman had not made the statements which Mr. Sherman credited him with making. Insamuch as the with making. Inasmuch as the same statements appear in the major part in the letter of Mr. Harriman now published, the Presi-dent deems it proper that the let-ters he sent to Congressman Sherman last October shallnow themselves be made public.

What the President Said.

What the President Said.

In the first letter reference is made to a conversation between Mr. Harriman and Mr. Sherman which was repeated to the President in which was repeated to the President in which was for President Hooseveit partly the latter's determination to have the railroads supervised and partly the alleged fact that after promising Mr. Harriman to appoint Senator Depew Ambassador to France, he (the President) falled to do it, "and," continued the President," I understood you to say that he alleged that I made this promise at a time when he had come down to see me in Washington, when Coverence Order by possing corrisin by the history possing corrisin by the history order of properties at the Christian of th

" Herry's for Clothes' -- the distinguishing sort



bound to call attention to certain things in regard to which he does ins injustice.

"In his letter to Mr. Sherman he clearly seeks to convey the impression that the personni interview with him in the fall of 1904 was of my seeking mid not his. He says: 'Lis (Harriman's) and my letters now before me in the fall of 1904, run as follows: On his return from spending the summer in Europe on September She he wrote to me, stating that if I thought it desirable he would come to see me at any time, then or later, the had been as you remember, as delegate to the Republican National Convention, having voted for my nomination). On September End, I answered his letter, saying: At present there is nothing for me to see you about, though there were one or two points in my letter of accuptance which I would like to have discussed with you before putting it out."

Invited by President.

"Let me present the facts. On June 29, 1804, the President wrote me the following letter, which he does not include in the correspondence published to-day. It reached me in Europe:

"Washington, June 29, 1804.

"Personal.

Anxious to See Him.

"On October 14th he wrote:
"My Dear Mr. Harriman.—A suggestion has come to me in a round-about way that you do not think wise to come to see me in those closing weeks of the dampaign, but that you are refluctant to refuse inasmuch as I have asked you.
"A funeral in my family prevented a prompt response to the President's invitation, but finally, about October 20th, I was able to go to Washington and see him.

Difference of Recollection.

Difference of Recollection.

"There is some difference of recollection as to what transpired at that interview. Fortunately, the President himself in his 'strictly personal' letter to me of November 13th, throws some light upon what did take place. He says: 'If you remember, when you were down here, both you and I were so interested in certain of New York political developments, that I hardly, if at all, touched on governmental matters.'

ters."
"Again in the same letter he says:
As a matter of fact, as you will re-

You can congratulate yourself if you come here for your
top piece.
Tip top satisfaction assured.
Every face flattered.
Dunlap, Heath; and the telescope novelties at \$2. up.
Any color combination you
wish in the band.

tween Mr. Harriman and the Presi-dent, touching, among other things, on the question of railroad matters, and what the President might have to say to Congress on the subject of the interstate commerce commission. The President said he was unable to agree with Mr. Harriman's views on the matter and left his message to Congress unchanged as regards the inter-state commerce law.

Could Buy Them Up.

"So much for what Mr. Harriman said about me personally," says the President in concluding his first letter to Mr. Sherman. Far more important, the President regards the additional remarks which Mr. Sherman said Mr. Harriman made to him when he asked him if he thought it was yell ito see "Hearstism and the like" well to see "Hearstism and the like

Gret. "I feel particularly fortunate that I "I feel particularly fortunate that it have been attacked within the last few days by both ex-Senator Burton and Mr. Harriman," said the President in a conversation with representatives of the press, following the giving out of the liters to representative Sherman, regarding statements in Mr. Harriman, regarding statements in Mr. Harriman and Mr. Mayber.

HARRIMAN REPLIES TO THE PRESIDENT

is all I can say about the Harriman letter."

Outline N. Bliss made this reply to uestions:

'a haven't seen the Harriman letter;

I don't want to see it, and if I did see it, I would say nothing about it."

President Sought Interview. "I have read the President's state-ment. I am most anxious to treat him and his other utterances with consideration due to the high office which he holds, nevertheless I feel bound to call attention to certain things in regard to which he does me WITH A LAME BACK?



"Personal.
"My Dear Mr. Harriman.—I thank you for your letter. As soon as you come home I shall want to see you. The figit will doubtless be hot then. It will be a real pleasure to see you this year.
"Very truly yours.
"THEGODRE ROOSEVELT."
"In reply to this, I wrote him on my return from Europe, the letter of September 20th, the opening sentences of which he climinated in his publication: Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or of which he eliminated in his publication:

"New York, Sept. 20, 1904.

"Dear Mr. Roosevelt.—I was glad to receive your note of June 29th last while I was in Europe. I am now getting matters that accumulated during my absence somewhat cleated up, and if you think it desirable, will go to see you at any time, ether now or inter. It seems to me that the situation could not be in better shape.

"Yours sincerely."

Anxious to See Him. Bladder Trouble?

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

"Then followed a series of invitations from the White House, both from
the President and his secretary, urging
me to go to Washington. In October
the President wrote: 'In view of the
trouble over the State ticket in New
York, I should much like to have a
few words with you. Do you think
you can get down here within Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistaltable evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these danger signals are often sure to follow: Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twentyou.

form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest, because its remarkable curative power has been proven in thousands of the most distressing cases, if you need a medicine, you should have the best. A thorough trial will convince any one.

LAME BACK.

Lame back is only one of many symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the day and to get up many times during the light, inability to hold your urine, kimer's Swamp-Root, and the address, smarling or irritation in passing, brick-golf-relating to the light. The book contains many of the thousands of Swamp-Root are so littly free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Elnghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in the Richmond Daily Times-Dispatch. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

HARRIMAN LETTER CREATES SENSATION

Declares Roosevelt Sent for Him to Raise the \$200, ooo Which Was Paid Through

Bliss to Cortelyou.

NEW YORK, April 2 .- A sensation

NEW YORK, April 2.—A sensation was created here to-day by the publication of a letter written in December 1995, and addressed to Mr. Sidney Webster, of New York, and signed "E. H. Harriman."

Sidney Webster is a lawyer and a writer of political subjects. His wife is a sister of Stuyvesant Fish, who lost the presidency of the Illinois Central Railroad a few months ago after antagonizing Mr. Harriman.

Mr. Harriman this evening admitted the authorship of the letter, saying that when he wrote it he went further than now appears.

The letter is addressed to Sidney that New York It is in near as

Street, New York. It is in part, as

Street, New York, It is in part, as follows:

"Dear Sir,—I am glad to see that you are in town, and hope soon to have an opportunity of talking matters over with you.

"I had printed copies of the testimony sent you, in hopes that you would, after reading them, give me some idea of where I stand, for I confess that I feel somewhat at sea in the whole insurance matter.

"As to my political instinct, to

"As to my political Instinct, to which you refer in your letter of December 12th, I am quite sure I have none. My being made at all prominent in the Political situation is entirely due to President Roseveit and my taking active part in the autumn campaign of 1904 was at his pregent request, and his taking advantage of conditions then created to further his own interests. If it had been a premeditated plot it could not have been better started or carried out. Roosevelt Sends for Him.

"About a week bofore the election in the autumn of 1994, when it
looked certain that the State would
go Democratic and was doubtful as
to Roosevelt limself, he (the President) sent me a request to go to
Washington to confer upon the
political condition in New York
State. I complied, and he told me
he understood the campulga could
not he sudcessfully carried on
without sufficient money, and asked
if I would help them in raising the
necessary finds, as the National
Committee, under control of Chairman Cortelyou, had utterly failed
of obtaining them, and there was
a large amount due from them to
the New York State Committee.

"T explained to him that I understood the difficulty here was
mainly caused by the up-State
leaders being anwilling to support
States Senator; that if he (Depow)
could be taken care of in some other

way, I thought matters could be adjusted and the discontented elements in the party brought into close alliance again. We talked over what could be done for Depew, and, finally, he agreed that if, found necessary, he would appoint, him to Paris.

Harriman Their Last Hope.

THE WEATHER

Harriman Their Last Hope.

"With full belief that he (the President) would keep this agreement, I came back to New York, sent for Treasurer Bliss, who told me that I was their last hope, and that they had exhausted every other ressurer. In his presence I called up an Intimate friend of Semstor Depew, told him it was necessary in order to carry New York State that \$200,000 should be raised at once, and if he would help I would subscribe \$50,000. After a few words bver the telephone the gentleman said he would let me know, which he did, probably in three or four hours, with the result that the whole amount, including my subscription, had been raised.

Fully Fifty Thousand Votes. "The checks were given to Treasurer Hilss, who took them to Chairman Cortelyou. If there were any among them of Hile Insurance companies, or other like arganizations,

Forecast: Virginia—Fair, warmer Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy, light variable winds. North Carolina—Fair, warmer Wed-nesday and Thursday; light north winds.

Sun rises.... 5:51 | April 3, 1267, | Sun rises.... 6:32 | Morning.... 8:11 | Moon rises.... 11:11 | Evening.... 8:44

Was Brought Forward by Roosevelt."

of course Cortelyon must have informed the President. I do not
know who the subscribers were,
other than the friend of Deprey,
who was an individual. This
smount enabled the New York
State Committee to continue its
work with the resur that at least
50,000, yets were turned in the
City of New York stone, making a
difference of 100,000 votes in the
general result.
"There are between 2,200 and
2,300 districts in Greater New York
and in a campaign such as that
the expenditure of, say, \$50 in each
district for campaign such as that
the capenditure of, say, \$50 in each
district for campaign such as that
the cypenditure of, say, \$50 in each
district for campaign such as that
for the compaign such as that
the cypenditure of say, \$50 in each
district for campaign purposes, not
including the watchers on election
Roosevelt Changed Mind Abou

Roosevelt Changed Mind About

Depew.

"Some time in December, 1904, on my way from Virginia to New York I stopped and had a short talk with the President. He then told me that be 'dd not think it necessary to 'appoint Depew as Ambassador to Paris, as agreed, in fact favored him for the Seatte. I had not expected that he was the one (sic) as to what would be necessary, but he arrogated that to himself, and I, of course, could say nothing further. After that I used what influence I could to have Depew returned to the Senate, as I considered there had been an Implied obligation which should be lived up to

Roosevelt."

"This is the way I was brought to the surface in the polltical matters, as I had never before taken any active part, and had only done what I could as any private citizen might, so you see I was brought forward by Roosevelt in an attempt to help him, at his request, the same as I was in the insurance matter by Hyde and Ryan by their request for my help; and in the case of Ryan I probably would have dropped the matter after our first interview had it not been for my yesire to save Belimont from taking a position for which he could have been criticized by the public press, as he was the one Ryan desired me to influence from opposing Morton for election as chairman of the Equitable board, and Belmont afterward thanked me for taking his part, as if he had voted against Morton in view of his local traction contentions with Mr. Ryan it would have been misconstrued.

(Ryan, Root, Roosevelt Element. Ryan, Root, Roosevelt Element."

"Ryan, Root, Roosevelt Element."

"Ryan's success in all his manipulations, traction deals, tobaccocombination, manipulation of the
State Trust Company into the
Morton Trust Company, the Shoo
and Leather Bank into the Western
National Bank, and then again
into the Bank of Commerce—thus
covering up his tracks—has been
done by the adroit mind of Elihu
Root, and this present situation has
been brought about by a combination of circumstances which has
brought together the Ryan, Root,
Rosevelt element.

"Yours sincerely,
"Yours sincerely,
"E. H. HARRIMAN.

INSIDE FACTS ABOUT THE CAMPAIGN FUND

Said That Harriman and Three Others Gave It and That Harriman Had Eye on Senate.

man Had Eye on Senate.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, April 2.—The Inside facts concerning the \$200,000 fund which Mr. Harriman raised in the campaign of 1904 at the request of President Roosevelt were given out to-day by a financier of international standing, who was made familiar with the details at the time.

He said there were four subscribers to the fund, each of whom gave \$50,000. They were, he said, E. H. Harriman, H. McK. Twombly, J. P. Morgán and the fourth, to the best of his recollection, was William K. Vanderbilt. He was not absolutely certain about Mr. Vanderbilt being a subscriber, but he was positive about the other three. He said that the \$200,000 was paid to Cornellus N. Bliss with the express understanding that if Chauncey M. Depow were not appointed ambassador to France he was to be returned to the United States Senato.

pointed ambassador to be returned to the United States Senate.

The \$200,000 was turned over, he said, to B. B. Odell, Jr., then chairman of the Republican State Committee. Mr. Hilss, he said, unintentionally blundered, as he refused to put the Depew label on the \$200,000 when he paid it over to Mr. Odell, and the latter received it in ignorance of the condition relating to Mr. Depew and the Senate.

At that time, according to the information, Mr. Harriman himself had a political ambition of his own, and was looking ahead to the time when he could reduce his business cares and take a seat in the United States Senate from New York. Mr. Harriman figured Senator Platt's old age and feeble health would soon cause him to die or resign, with would make Mr. Depew the senior Senator from this State. Mr. Depew would be under tremendous obligations to Mr. Harriman, and, as second man to Mr. Odell, then in absolute central of the Republican machine, could reader valuable aid in swinging the Legislature to elect Harriman to the Senate.

Drop in the Bucket.

Drop in the Bucket.

ALBANY N. Y., April 2.—Alton B. Parker. Democratic candidate for the presidency of the United States in 1991. Who was in the city to-day, displayed the keenest interest in the letter of E. H. Harriman, published to-day, especially in regard to its relation to his own charge, made in the 1904 campaign, that the great corporation interests were largely financing the Republican campaign. To-night in the state of the following statement:

"That \$150,000 was turned over by the Equitable, Mutual and New York Life insurance Companies to Mr. Cortelyou's committee has never been denied of course. It was testified to under oath before a body who could have summoned Mr. Bliss and Mr. Cortelyou of the witness stand if had been denied. It is safe to deny Mr. Harriman's statement, because there is not a committee before whom Mr. Bliss and Mr. Cortelyou and eithers can be summoned and compelled to testify. Congress hus refused to make an investigation of the corporate contributions of 1904 or to pass a law prohibiting corporate contributions for 1904 or to pass a law prohibiting corporate contributions for 1904 or to pass a law prohibiting corporate contributions for 1904 or to pass a law prohibiting corporate contributions for 1904 or to pass a law prohibiting corporations. The public importance of an investigation at this time, therefore, cannot be overestimated."

QUIET WEDDING.

QUIET WEDDING.

Mrs. Hall Becomes Bride of Mr. Pulliam.

Pulliam.

A very pretty, though quiet, wedding occurred on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, when Mrs. Willie Hall became the bride of Mr. Sylvaneous A. Pulliam. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's sister, No. 603½ South Laurel, being performed by Rev. B. H. Melton.

The bride was becomingly gowned in white crepe, and carried white carnations. An informal reception was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Pulliam immediately after the ceremony.

Both of the contracting parties have many friends in Richmond, and are well known in Hanover county.

Bears the Signature Cher Hillstatur

Weak, Pale, Thin

Robbins to Health and Also Cured Her Daughter of Angenia.

Mrs. Josio Robbins, of 1121 Clar St., Decatur, Ill., says: "I was weak, thin and troubled with headaches. My appetite failed so that I did not relish my food. I was unable to do my work be-cause my limbs pained me so and my feet were swollen. I got numb and dizzy, my tongue seemed at times to be paralyzed so that I couldn't speak distinety. My extremities, when in this numb state, felt as if some one was sticking needles into me all over their surface. Through my shoulders at times I had such pain that I couldn't sleep. Many times I awoke with a

smothering sensation.

"When the physician's remedies failed to benefit me I began to look for something that would. My sister, Mrs. McDaniel, of Decatur, recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me, and I at once purchased some. I was greatly encouraged when I saw how they acted on my nervous condition and continued using them until cured. I am now able

using them until cured. I am now able to attend to my duties and have not consulted a physician since.

"I also gave them to my daughter who had always been weak and who at this time seemed to lack vitality. Herebooks were colorless and she was thin and spiritless. She had anaemia and we feared consumption, because every time she went outdoors if it was at all cold or damp she would take cold and cough. But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills brought color back to her cheeks and strength to her body."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pilis are sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid, on re-celpt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

STREET PARADE

Red Fire and Illuminations Will Be Added to Spectacular

Features.

vill take place at the Masonic Temple this

will take place at the Masonic Temple this evening at \$:30 o'clock, and officers for the first year will be installed by delegations from Suez Temple, No. 73, of Charlotte, N., and Ascalon Temple, No. 50, of Washington, D. C.

The visiting knights will arrive in the city to-day, Suez Temple this morning in a private car over the Southern Rallway, and Ascalon Temple this evening from Washington. The visitors will be met by a committee, consisting of Alderman J. L. Satterfield, Major L. T. Christian, Mr. James R. Sheppard, Mr. B. A. Ruffin, Hon. David: C. Richardson and Major Charles O. Saville, and both parties will be escorted to the Hotel Richmond, where they will be quartered.

Street Parade.

Street Parade.

Street Parade.

The installation will be preceded by a street parade, which will start from the hotel at 7:30 o'clock, and will move via Ninth Street to Broad, and along that street to the rendeavous. This parade will be something novel and startling, and will present many original and unique "stunts," it is promised. Red fire and illuminations will be added to the spectacular features. The programme of the installation and banquet which follows is as herewith sivens. Royal Vizier, John Hallowell Dickinson, presiding; welcome address Rev. John Hallowell Dickinson, royal vizier, Bent Mora-Tsmple, No. 132, Richmond, Va.; toast, "North Carolina," Royal Vizier Baird, of Suez Temple, No. 72; toast, "Washingtoin," Past-Grand Chancellor Thomas A. Bynum, Ascalon Temple, No. 52; toast, "The Garavyan," David Ovens, of Suez Temple, No. 73; toast, "Ascaloss Temple, No. 89; response to visitira, Judge David C. Rishardson, Richmond, Va.; toast, "Out-of-Town Votaries," Herbort Lewis, West Peint, Va.; toast, "Bell Mora Temple, No. 133; "Colonel Robert Callett, Richmond, Va.; Parak Gay, grand chancellor of District of Columbia."

The committee in charge of the program on the sentiment, "The District of Columbia."

The committee in charge of the program on the Schight of Kitchis of Riching and R. A. Ruffin Chairman), J. D. Locky, J. 11. Dickinson and R. A. Ruffin Chairman.

consist of Messrs. R. A. Runin tenants.
J. D. Lecky, J. H. Dickinson and R. A. Hukhes
The Knights of Khorassan is a new branch of the order of Knights of Pythias, and is to this order what the Mysic Shrino is to Mamonry Beni Mora Temple will start with a charter membership of about 175 persons, among whom are many prominent Pythians from all parts of the State, this being the only temple in Virginia.

Set Date for Primary.

Deblican machine, could render valuable add in swinging the Legislature to elect Harriman to the Senate.

CHARGE NOT DENIED,
SAYS JUDGE PARKER

Money Raised by Harriman and
Insurance Companies But a
Drop in the Bucket.

Set Date for Primary.

Ispecial to The Times-Dispatch.

ALEXADDRIA. VA... A pril 2.—The Democratic Congressional Committee of the Elghth District will hold a meeting afternoon, for the purpose of determining afternoon, for the purpose of determining afternoon adate for the Democratic primary to morninate a candidate for Congress from this district.

It is understood that the committee will select a date between June 5th and 11th.

This, it is said, will be satisfactory to all candidates. So far se can be ascertained, the majority of the candidates desire an early date.

Money Affairs

For ten years the first spent an average of \$1 a week foolishly, absoutely without return. The second saved \$1 a week at home, where it could earn no interest. The third deposited his \$1 regularly each week in a bank paying 3 per cent, interest. Here's the way they stood at the end

No. 3\$605.23

Which do you intend to copy? The difference between Nos. 2 and 3 represents the interest those little savings carned-\$85.23. Start an account with us at once and endeavor to get that \$605.23. We pay 3 per cent, interest on savings accounts, compounded semi-annually.

If you live out of town you can easily bank by mail. Write us.

Planters National Bank, Savings Department, RICHMOND, - - VIRGINIA.

Capital, - - - \$300,000.00

Surplus and Profits, \$1.000,000.00

Quinlne"

Laxative Bromo Quinine.

Similarly named remedies sometimes deserve. This first and original Cold Tables is a W HITH FACKAGE with black of WHITH FACKAGE with black and red interior, and leaves the signature of